## Weekly Daf

by Rav Mendel Weinbach - Dean, Ohr Somayach Institutions

Avodah Zarah 2-8

Week of 17-23 Tishrei 5756 / 11-17 October 1995 Rav Weinbach's insights, explanations and comments for the 7 pages of Talmud studied in the course of the worldwide Daf Yomi cycle

## A Tale of Three Animals

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Rule 1	Rule 2	Rule 3
A Jew is forbidden to sell an animal to an idol worshipper during the three days preceding his pagan festival because he may use it as a sacrifice in the idol worship forbidden to all mankind.	A Jew is forbidden to slaughter an animal and her child on the same day, and one who has sold the mother must inform the potential purchaser of her child if there is reason to assume that both will be slaughtered on the day of purchase. Such an assumption is mandatory only on four days of the year (erev Pesach, erev Shavuos, erev Rosh Hashana and erev Shmini Atzeres) when people are accustomed to slaughter animals in order to have meat available for the holiday. If the mother was sold a day earlier the seller need not assume that it will be slaughtered that very day and is not required to warn the buyer of the child. This is because people do not purchase an animal for slaughter so much in advance.	Inquiries as to the eligibility of an animal to serve as Korban Pesach (Pascal Lamb) are presented to the authorities as early as thirty days before the holiday.
How many days before he needs an animal does a man purchase it? Rule One suggests three days, Rule Two limits it to one, while Rule Three stretches it to thirty!		
When the purpose of the acquisition is meat, it is customary to buy on the very day it		
is needed. When the purpose is a religious one, the purchaser buys well in advance to assure that the animal will be fit to serve as a proper sacrifice. Since non-Jews		
disqualify an animal only if it is missing a limb, it takes no more than three days to		
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	forbidden to sell an animal to an idol worshipper during the three days preceding his pagan festival because he may use it as a sacrifice in the idol worship forbidden to all mankind.  How many days suggests three d  When the purpo is needed. When to assure that the disqualify an an find and checks make sure that the disquality and the same that th	A Jew is forbidden to slaughter an animal and her child on the same day, and one who has sold the mother must inform the potential purchaser of her child if there is reason to assume that both will be slaughtered on the day of purchase. Such an assumption is mandatory only on four days of the year (erev Pesach, erev Shavuos, erev Rosh Hashana and erev Shmini Atzeres) when people are accustomed to slaughter animals in order to have meat available for the holiday. If the mother was sold a day earlier the seller need not assume that it will be slaughtered that very day and is not required to warn the buyer of the child. This is because people do not purchase an animal for slaughter so much in advance.  How many days before he needs an animal does a man purchase it? suggests three days, Rule Two limits it to one, while Rule Three stretch when the purpose is a religious one, the purchaser buys very to assure that the animal will be fit to serve as a proper sacrifice. Since

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## A Thread for Four Tragedies



Four human situations are compared to death — poverty, blindness, tzaraas (a sin-induced leprosy-like condition which requires isolation) and childlessness.

Proofs from Scripture are cited by the Talmud for each of these, but the common denominator uniting them seems to be an elusive one.

The late Rosh Hayeshiva of Mirrer Yeshiva, Rav Chaim

Shmulevitz, zatzal, suggested that the inability to give to others in normal fashion is a dimension of death. This is the thread which runs through the poor man's economic liability, the blind man's disability, the metzora's isolation and the childless man's lack of a beneficiary who is an extension of himself.

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## Prepared by Ohr Somayach in Jerusalem, Israel The Weekly Daf

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